

HULL WARNS FRANCE ON AXIS AID POLICY

Hitler and Stalin Reported Agreeing to Use Ukraine to Feed Europe

Statement Hints U. S. Seizure Of Colonies

Late News Bulletins

O. P. M. Stands Firm on Power Shortage Threat

The O. P. M., in an official statement today, disagreed with its consultant, C. W. Kellogg, who has expressed the opinion no electric power shortage is threatened. On the contrary, the O. P. M. declared, sufficient power will not be available in time to produce vital defense weapons "without civilian curtailment in important areas."

(Earlier Story on Page A-1.)

Weir Reported Quitting Steel Institute

NEW YORK (AP)—Dow, Jones & Co., financial news agency, said today Ernest T. Weir, chairman of the National Steel Corp., had resigned as a director of the American Iron & Steel Institute and that the company itself had withdrawn from membership in the institute. Mr. Weir was for many years a member of the institute board and served as the organization's president during the year ended May 30, 1940.

U. S. O. to Get Receipts From All-Star Game

DETROIT (AP)—Net receipts of baseball's all-star game here July 8, expected to draw a capacity crowd of 57,000 to Briggs Stadium, will be turned over to the financing of recreation for the Army and Navy.

Winant Confers With Knudsen; Silent on Topic

John G. Winant, Ambassador to England, conferred for more than an hour this afternoon with William S. Knudsen, director of O. P. M. Mr. Winant, who left for the White House following the session, declined to comment on the subjects discussed.

Senate Confirms Hunter as Works Chief

The Senate confirmed today the nomination of Howard O. Hunter of Illinois to be work projects commissioner.

House Passes Defense Pipeline Bill

The House this afternoon passed legislation authorizing either the Government or private companies to construct and operate new oil pipelines for national defense. The bill would permit the constructing agencies to exercise the right of eminent domain to obtain necessary rights of way. It is designed to offset the transfer of sea-going tankers to British service.

(Earlier Story on Page A-1.)

Bill for 12-Cent Milk Here Planned

Representative Schulte, Democrat, of Indiana, announced late today he proposed to introduce a bill to fix the retail price of milk in Washington at 12 cents a quart as a means of forestalling a threatened price increase. The present retail price is 14 cents and a move has been made to raise it to 15 cents.

Jan Valtin Deportation Hearings End

NEW YORK (AP)—Hearings in deportation proceedings against Jan Valtin, the author of "Out of the Night," ended at Ellis Island today after the confessed former O. G. P. U. and Gestapo agent testified concerning his recent activities in telling the Government of alleged Communist and Nazi moves in this country.

Elliott Roosevelt in Ottawa on Mission

OTTAWA (AP)—Capt. Elliott Roosevelt, second son of President Roosevelt, arrived in Ottawa by United States Army plane late today on a mission of undisclosed nature. He is in the Air Corps.

Son of Scott Nearing Ordered Deported by Soviet Russia

By The Associated Press.

MOSCOW, June 5.—John Scott, 29, son of Scott Nearing, the Leftist American educator-writer, has been ordered deported by the Soviet government.

Tass, official news agency, said Mr. Scott was notified yesterday to leave the country immediately "for publishing slanderous articles about the Soviet Union in the English newspaper News Chronicle."

Mr. Scott, who is no longer using his father's last name, has been in Russia since 1932. United States Ambassador Laurence A. Steinhardt conferred today with S. A. Lozovsky, vice commissar of foreign affairs. It was not known immediately whether they discussed the Scott affair.

Relatives at Ridgewood, N. J., said

Mr. Scott attended Ridgewood High School and, seven or eight years ago, the University of Wisconsin. Since his college years, he has been in Russia where, relatives said, he worked at a steel plant near the Asiatic-European border and at other times served as a translator for the British and French Embassies.

The elder Nearing, a sociologist, was a Socialist candidate for Congress in New York City in 1919.

At the time of the World War, he was professor of social science and dean of the College of Arts and Sciences at the University of Toledo (Ohio), which post he resigned, saying he was hampered by the "war element."

Many of the father's writings were about Soviet Russia.

Draft Act Revisions Planned To Take Men From 21 to 27

By The Associated Press.

Brig. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey was quoted by Senators today as saying that men inducted for military training would be limited to those 21 to 27 years old if Congress approved requested amendments to the Selective Service Act.

The director of selective service, he said, testified this was the intent of proposals to grant the President power to defer induction of men by age groups.

Chairman Reynolds of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, before which Gen. Hershey appeared in closed session, said the group probably would act on the requested amendments tomorrow.

Senator Lodge, Republican, of Massachusetts said Gen. Hershey suggested the 27-year age limit for trainees when he was asked what would be done under the proposed amendments. Senator Lodge then suggested that this be written into the draft law.

The general was said to have suggested that the deferment would apply to all who were 27 or over on October 16, 1940.

(The official German news agency, DNB, stated in Berlin that all tanks at Alexandria were set afire and that the attack was carried out with "good effect."

The glare of flaming oil could be seen from far at sea, DNB added.)

p.m. and remained over the district until 10:30 p.m.

It was the heaviest attack on Alexandria since the Italian bombings last fall.

In Cairo, an official announcement said the exact number of injured was not yet known, but it was high. Many buildings were wrecked.

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Nazis Planning Soviet Attack, Ankara Hears

Britain Declared on Verge of Definite Move in Syria

By The Associated Press.

Vichy reported today that Adolf Hitler and Joseph Stalin, Russia's premier, had agreed to use the Soviet Ukraine as Europe's breadbasket, but Ankara heard that German and Rumanian troops—at least 2,000,000 strong—were massing for a mid-June attack on Russia.

The Vichy reports, which were without any official or direct confirmation, said the Hitler-Stalin meeting, at an unspecified place and date, laid the groundwork for the new system.

A principal detail, it was said, was a clause by which Russia would increase wheat production in the Ukraine to a point sufficient to feed all Europe by supplementing the present production of Hungary, France and French North Africa.

French Chief of State Petain is understood to have conferred with his African deputy, Gen. Maxime Weygand, and to be conferring with other French African colonial authorities on the questions hinging on this reputed collaboration scheme.

British Move Reported Near

Simultaneously, Great Britain was reliably reported on the verge of definite action in French-ruled Syria to beat the Germans into a developing new battlefield. Dispatches from London indicated Britain was preparing to move into Syria.

Authoritative Turkish circles said they had been informed that Germany had 100 divisions—roughly 1,500,000 troops—massed on the Russo-German border in Poland, with 30 other Nazi divisions concentrated in Rumania.

These sources also claimed that Rumania had mobilized 25 divisions and also recalled to the colors the classes which were demobilized six weeks ago.

Turkish sources said they had received information that Russia was removing the civil population from Bessarabia. Regaining of the

(See WAR, Page 2-X.)

Late Races

Earlier Results, Rossyvan's Other Selections and Entries for Tomorrow, Page 2-X.

Charles Town

FIFTH RACE—Purse, \$500; claiming: 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile. Red Go (Eversole), 15.80 4.40 5.80. Kaidash (Robertson), 8.40 4.20 5.10. Packadee (Madden), 5.40 4.40 5.40. Time, 1:17 1/2.

SIXTH RACE—Purse, \$500; claiming: 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile. Mad De Mir (Rare Gem and Justa Cantor), 1.44 1.25 1.44. Time, 1:17 1/2.

Belmont Park

EIGHTH RACE—Purse, \$1,500; claiming: 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile. Clay Hill (Palumbo), 4.40 2.50 2.40. Tadrin (Eversole), 2.80 2.40 2.40. Columbian (Seccia), 2.80 2.40 2.40. Time, 1:17 1/2.

Suffolk Downs

EIGHTH RACE—Purse, \$1,000; claiming: 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile. Don Pecos (Smith), 16.60 8.00 5.00. Conqueror (MacArthur), 7.00 5.00 5.00. Yannie Red (Vina), 4.00 3.20 3.20. Time, 1:40.

Delaware Park

SIXTH RACE—Purse, \$1,200; claiming: 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile. Justenful (Dabson), 8.30 4.40 3.30. Imperator (Bodine), 5.80 4.40 3.30. Alpine Lad (DeCamillis), 4.40 3.30 3.30. Time, 1:17 1/2.

Lincoln Fields

FIFTH RACE—Purse, \$810; claiming: 4-year-olds and up, 1 mile. Donnagins (Haskell), 17.80 9.00 8.80. Imperator (MacArthur), 10.40 5.40 5.40. Highhorse (Warberry), 4.40 3.30 3.30. Time, 1:17 1/2.

Lincoln Fields

SIXTH RACE—Purse, \$1,010; allowing: 2-year-olds; 5 furlongs. Omation (Pohl), 8.20 4.80 2.80. Can Lo (Yarberry), 4.40 3.30 3.30. Time, 1:01 3/4.

Lincoln Fields

Also ran—Lina Mac, Lovely Star, Autumn Day, Doan, Cullough, Wanaheub, Vienneite, Ichir Mary, 1 field.

Delaware Park

FIRST RACE—Purse, \$500; claiming: 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile. Ada W. (Cavens), 10.40 5.40 3.30. Time, 1:17 1/2.

Delaware Park

SECOND RACE—Purse, \$800; claiming: 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile. So in (Scout), 8.40 3.80 2.80. Time, 1:17 1/2.

Delaware Park

Also ran—Miss Lancaster, Belmont, Gallant Dust, Ichir, Dark Leone, Lincoln Oaks, Nebe 8, 7, Billie's Babe and 1 Prince O Mares, 1 field.



INGLEWOOD, CALIF.—PICKETS MARCH AS AIRCRAFT PLANT CLOSES—The North American Aviation Corp. plant shut down early today, several hours after C. I. O. production workers were called out on strike by W. P. Goodman, chairman of the United

Automobile Workers' Union local. Goodman charged the Defense Mediation Board was "stalling the workers." This is part of the picket line thrown up around the plant.

—A. P. Wirephoto.

52,800 Out on Strike In U. S., Peak for Year, Officials Report

Capital Speculates if President Might Act To End Stoppages

(Earlier Story on Page A-1.)

While defense officials reported that the number of men on strike in defense industries was the largest that had been out on any day this year, there was widespread speculation in Washington today whether President Roosevelt might act to end such stoppages.

The C. I. O. walkout at the big North American Aviation Corp.'s plant at Inglewood, Calif., enforced as the Defense Mediation Board considered the labor dispute, pushed the number on strike to 52,800. The North American walkout, defense officials said, caused "very grave concern."

The officials said there had been 2,253,216 man-days of work on War Department orders lost through strikes since January 1, when completion of strike records was started.

Woodworkers' Dispute Settled. Meanwhile, Defense Mediation Board announced an agreement for settlement of a dispute between about 4,000 C. I. O. woodworkers and 35 Columbia River Basin logging companies had been reached, and expressed hope that the agreement would serve as a basis for ending the Puget Sound area strike of 12,000 members of the same union who have rejected recommendations of the board.

Members of the board panels hearing the two cases said issues and conditions in both controversies were substantially the same.

Dr. C. A. Dykstra, chairman of the board, said its full membership would meet this afternoon to consider further action in the Puget Sound case in which O. M. Orton, president of the International Woodworkers of America (C. I. O.), has charged the board's actions constituted "a labor-baiting and strike-breaking device."

Dr. Dykstra declined to comment on Mr. Orton's statement, but commended publicly both labor and management representatives who were parties to the Columbia Basin agreement.

Main Provisions of Agreement.

Union members, which subject to ratification by union membership, are that union employees must maintain their union status, that the em-

(Continued on Page 2-X, Column 1.)

Denny Shute Paces U. S. Open With 69; Little Cards 71

Demaret Finishes With 75; Goodman Shoots a 76

By The Associated Press.

FORT WORTH, Tex., June 5.—Denny Shute, who twice has won the P. G. A. championship, made his opening bid for the 45th National Open golf title a strong one today by shooting a 1-under-par 69, first sub-par round over the 7,005-yard Colonial Club course.

Shute, a reserved, almost shy citizen, was paired with colorful Jimmy Demaret, one of the Texas primes. But it was Denny of the iron-stray hair who stole the show while Demaret went to a 5-over-par 75.

Shute had three birdies, went over par twice and had 13 pars. He rapped in putts of 6, 12 and 10 feet for his birdies on Nos. 4, 14 and 18, and missed a chance for another when a 2-footer slid by the hole at the fifth.

Two Louisville pros, Bill Kaiser and Jack Ryan, turned in the hottest first-nine scores, each having a 32 with the birdies apiece. Paul Runyan, rater high among the title threats, matched par to the turn for a 35.

With less than an eighth of the field of 165-odd finished, Shute had a two-shot margin on Gene Kunes of Philadelphia and Jug McSpaden of Winchester, Mass.

Little Also Has 71. Later, Defending Champion Lawson Little and Dick Metz of Oak Park, Ill., playing in a threesome with Bob Byrnes, home pro, also posted 71s. Little, after hitting some great recovery shots to be out in 33, got into trouble on four holes on the back nine and took a 38. Metz matched par to the turn and missed it by 1 coming back.

Byron Nelson, former champion and the betting favorite, combined a 36-37 for a 73, while Tony Manera, another one-time titleholder, could do no better than 42-40-82. An Open winner, virtually blew him.

(See GOLF, Page 2-X.)

Other League Games

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—
Boston 103 033 040-14 16 1
Cleveland ... 000 000 010-1 6 2
Batteries—Harris and Pihlak; Minnar, Reving, Detroit, Jungels and Hemmer.

At Detroit—

New York 000 002 002-
Detroit 000 003 010-
Batteries—Denald, Bremer and Roser; Newhouse, Newton and Tebbett.

At Chicago—

Philadelphia 060 000 030-9 9 3
Chicago 010 000 002-3 7 1
Batteries—Knot and Hares; Smith, Hall and Tresh.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at Boston—Rain.
Chicago at Brooklyn—Rain.
(Only Games Scheduled)

Today's Home Runs

American.
Di Maggio, Boston, 2d inning.
Williams, Boston, 5th inning.
Henrich, New York, 9th inning.

Browns Holding Lead Over Washington in 6th Inning, 1 to 0

Hudson and Galehouse Opposing Pitchers in Last Game of Series

By BURTON HAWKINS.

ST. LOUIS, June 5.—The St. Louis Browns, seeking their third straight victory over the Washington Nationals, were leading in the final game of their series here this afternoon.

The score was 1 to 0 at the end of the sixth inning.

FIRST INNING.

WASHINGTON—Case popped to Berardino. Lewis lined to Grace. Berardino threw out Cramer. No runs.

ST. LOUIS—Lucadello fouled to Pofahl. McQuinn singled to center. Laabs fled to Case. Cullenbine fled to Cramer. No runs.

WASHINGTON, 0; St. Louis, 0.

SECOND INNING.

WASHINGTON—Travis grounded out to McQuinn. Vernon singled to left, but was out at second attempting to reach second, Cullenbine to Berardino. Myer singled to left. Early fled to Laabs. No runs.

ST. LOUIS—Lewis threw out Clift. Grace lined to Case. Berardino popped to Vernon. No runs.

THIRD INNING.

WASHINGTON—Pofahl grounded to McQuinn. Lucadello threw out Hudson. Case popped to Berardino. No runs.

ST. LOUIS—Pofahl threw out Ferrell. Galehouse doubled down the right-field line. Lucadello singled to center, scoring Galehouse. McQuinn fled to Lewis. Laabs singled to center, sending Lucadello to third. Cullenbine lined to Lewis. One run.

FOURTH INNING.

WASHINGTON—Lewis singled to left. Lewis took second as Cramer grounded out to McQuinn. Travis walked. So did Vernon, filling the bases. Myer hit into a double play, Lucadello to Berardino to McQuinn. No runs.

FIFTH INNING.

WASHINGTON—Early's smash caromed off Galehouse's leg to Clift, who threw him out. Galehouse threw out Pofahl. Hudson fled to Cullenbine. No runs.

SIXTH INNING.

WASHINGTON—Case lined to Clift. Lewis grounded out to McQuinn. Galehouse tossed out Cramer. No runs.

ST. LOUIS—Laabs fled to Lewis. Cullenbine doubled down the right-field line. Clift singled off Travis' glove. Cullenbine hit second. Grace forced Clift at second. Pofahl to Myer. Cullenbine taking third. Berardino popped to Pofahl. No runs.

Washington, 0; St. Louis, 1.

Statement Hints U. S. Seizure Of Colonies

Vichy Collaboration With Germany Hit As 'Inimicable'

The United States strongly warned France today of the consequences of becoming an "instrument of aggression" for Germany and indicated that American occupation of French possessions in the Western Hemisphere might be near.

In a formal statement, Secretary of State Hull asserted that regular preliminary official reports indicated the French government had adopted a "policy of collaboration with other powers for the purposes of aggression and oppression."

This, the Secretary declared, would be "utterly inimical to the rights of other countries and he added:

"We have collaborated with the other American republics as well as with the French government in safeguarding the welfare and maintaining the integrity of the French possessions in this hemisphere." Indicating a change in American policy toward the Vichy government, Mr. Hull pointed out that it had been the "determined policy of this Government to continue friendly and helpful co-operation with France."

Based on Armistice Terms. "This policy," he added, "has been based upon assurances by the French government that there was no intention on its part to exceed the strict limitations imposed by the terms of its armistice with Germany and Italy."

The statement indicated that in addition to occupation of the French colonies by the United States and other American nations, restrictions on the use of "frozen" French funds would be tightened drastically and food shipments to France cut off entirely if definite evidence of the reported extension of French collaboration with the Axis developed.

He said this Government was "undertaking as speedily as possible to ascertain the material fact and circumstance calculated to shed light on this alleged course of the French government."

"Scarcely Believable." "This could only be utterly inimical to the just rights of other countries," he said, "in its effects on the liberties, the true interests and the welfare of the people of France."

The Secretary's statement was issued in response to inquiries from newspapers concerning reports of Ambassador Leahy about developments in Vichy indicating France was preparing to give active assistance to the Axis.

It followed French denials of reports that German submarines already are being based at Dakar in French West Africa—where President Roosevelt declared a German foothold would be a menace to this hemisphere—and of French cooperation with Axis forces against the British in French-mandated Syria.

Reviews Friendly Relations. Reviewing friendly relations that have been maintained with France by this Government, the Secretary listed numerous specific methods of co-operation that have aided France. His emphasis on the benefits to France from United States co-operation implied an appeal to the French people to reject any policy of their government that would make its continuance impossible.

"As you know," Mr. Hull said, "We have throughout our history been sympathetic to the true aspirations of France. We have fought beside her. Her course has been our course. The principles of free representative government by the people have been the basis of the democratic institutions of both of our countries."

"In her present difficult situation, we have given concrete evidence of our sympathetic friendship and thought for the well-being of the French people and the French empire."

"We have continued to maintain full and friendly diplomatic relations with the French government at Vichy and have received its emissaries freely in this country. Financial Problems Considered. "We have given the fullest and most sympathetic consideration to financial problems connected with the maintenance of French establishments not only in this hemisphere but in all the world."

(See HULL, Page 2-X.)